

- 1. Which of these is a MYTH not a reality about Safe Patient Handling and Mobility (SPHM)?
 - a. ANA recommends elimination of all manual lifting
 - b. Manual lifting over time can cause spinal damage
 - c. Smaller patients do not require use of SPHM technology
 - d. Healthcare workers can use SPHM technology and still be personal and caring
- 2. What is the value of SPHM in healthcare?
 - a. Improving safety and quality of patient care
 - b. Decreasing the overall cost of providing healthcare
 - c. Increases healthcare recipients satisfaction
 - d. All of the above
- 3. When should a healthcare worker perform hand hygiene?
 - a. Only after wearing gloves
 - b. During lunch
 - c. Before and after touching a patient
 - d. After applying lotion
- 4. Which of these is **not** PPE?
 - a. Eye shields
 - b. Goggles
 - c. Scrubs
 - d. Masks
- 5. In the acronym P.A.S.S. the first S stands for
 - a. Sweep back and forth
 - b. Squeeze the handle
 - c. Stand as far away from the fire as possible
 - d. Spray the fire with water
- 6. Another name for "customer service" in healthcare is:
 - a. Caring
 - b. Professionalism
 - c. Bedside manner
 - d. Being client centered
- 7. Which of the following are components of HIPAA?
 - a. Privacy
 - b. Security
 - c. Transactions
 - d. All of the above



- 8. What type of behavior should a healthcare worker have to help prevent workplace violence in the patient care setting?
 - a. Ability to deescalate
 - b. Respect a client's privacy
 - c. Be aware of surroundings
 - d. All of the above
- 9. Which of the following diseases are blood borne pathogens?
 - a. MRSA and VRE
 - b. HIV, Hepatitis B and C
 - c. TB and MRSA
 - d. C. diff and TB
- 10. Standard Precautions should be employed when:
 - a. Assisting a client to eat
 - b. Brushing a client's hair
 - c. Changing a client's non-soiled clothes
 - d. Emptying a urine cup
- 11. Which of the following Advanced Directives must be written and signed by a physician or an advanced-practice nurse?
 - a. Living Will
 - b. Healthcare Power of Attorney
 - c. DNR order
 - d. None of the above
- 12. The suspicion of abuse or neglect of a patient must be reported in writing.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 13. Please list at least three 2017 Home Care National Patient Safety goals
- 14. Who provides standards and guidelines for ethical, legal and professional nursing care?
 - a. American Nursing Association (ANA)
 - b. Ohio Board of Nursing
 - c. Both A and B



- 15. List some examples how a person can demonstrate knowledge, skills and attitude regarding cultural competence:
- 16. In Home Health Care, patient identifiers can be the patient's name, date of birth and correct address.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 17. Infection can enter your body through inhalation, through your eyes, nose and mouth, a break in your skin and through a contaminated sharp object.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 18. Standard precautions require that you treat all patients as though they may be infected.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 19. Hand washing is the single most important precaution for preventing the spread of infection.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 20. It is recommended to drink 6-8 cups (8 oz.) of water daily.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 21. Signs and symptoms of dehydration may include:
 - a. Dry lips and mouth
 - b. Difficulty swallowing
 - c. Concentrated urine or decreased urine output
 - d. Poor skin elasticity
 - e. All of the above
- 22. When you are assigned to shop for groceries, plan meals and cook for a client it is important to:
 - a. Know the person's food preferences and eating habits
 - b. Check the Care plan/Diet plan to take into consideration a special diet and to review the foods allowed
 - c. Plan menus for a full week and check recipes for ingredients
 - d. Create a shopping list and save all grocery receipts for the client and family
 - e. All of the above



- 23. Diabetes meal planning involves all the following **EXCEPT**:
 - a. The person's food preferences
 - b. Eating the same amount of carbohydrates, protein, and fat each day
 - c. Eating at regular times
 - d. A high calorie diet
- 24. Mr. Smith is on a sodium-controlled diet. He wants salt for his chicken. You should?
 - a. Bring him the salt
 - b. Call the nurse
 - c. Remind him that added salt is not allowed on his diet
 - d. Ignore the request
- 25. When caring for a patient in their own home, part of checking for patient safety may include:
 - a. Checking stairs to make sure they are free of clutter
 - b. Making sure emergency numbers are written large enough for the patient to read them
 - c. Setting a timer when cooking for the patient to remind you that food is on the stove
 - d. Immediately wipe spills from floor
 - e. A and D only
 - f. All of the above
- 26. Pushing is easier on your back than pulling.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 27. The greatest threat from heat application is:
 - a. Infection
 - b. Burns
 - c. Chilling
 - d. Pressure ulcers
- 28. When transferring a person to a bed, a chair, or the toilet:
 - a. The person's strong side moves first
 - b. The weak side moves first
 - c. Pillows are used for support
 - d. The transfer belt is removed



- 29. To help maintain patient privacy and confidentiality you should do all of the following **EXCEPT**:
 - a. Allow them to use the bathroom in private (unless patient is a high fall risk)
 - b. Allow them to pick out their clothing
 - c. Answer their phone and give information regarding their condition to the caller if it is a family member
 - d. Maintain their privacy during personal care, making sure the person's body is not exposed unnecessarily.
- 30. If the patient reports that their personal property has been lost, stolen or damaged you should:
 - a. Call the police
 - b. Proclaim your innocence
 - c. Report it to your Agency or supervisor immediately so the claim can be investigated
 - d. Tell the patient that they are old and forgetful
- 31. You assist with housekeeping. Which is **FALSE**?
 - a. Dusting and vacuuming are done at least weekly
 - b. Spills are wiped up right away
 - c. Bathroom surfaces are cleaned daily
 - d. Spills and splashes are wiped up only after meals
- 32. Home health aides shall remind and assist the client to take prescription medications or other non-prescription medications that have been previously set up by a family member or licensed professional.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 33. When working with a person who has a bedside commode or bedpan, which of the following is **TRUE**?
 - a. Contents can be disposed of in the sink
 - b. Cleanse the equipment after each use with an approved disinfectant
 - c. Gloves are not needed when emptying contents of commode or bedpan
 - d. Cleanse the equipment only if an odor is detected
- 34. Which should you report at once?
 - a. Oral temp. of 98.4F
 - b. Oral temp. of 102F
 - c. Axillary temp. 97.6F
 - d. Rectal temp. of 99.6F



- 35. Which is usually used to take a pulse?
 - a. The radial pulse
 - b. The apical-radial pulse
 - c. The apical pulse
 - d. The brachial pulse
- 36. All of the following describe normal respirations **EXCEPT**:
 - a. There are 12-20 per minute
 - b. They are quiet and effortless
 - c. They are regular with both sides of the chest rising and falling equally
 - d. The person breathes through the mouth
- 37. Which blood pressure is normal for an adult?
 - a. 86/50 mm Hg
 - b. 200/106 mm Hg
 - c. 110/74 mm Hg
 - d. 150/90 mm Hg
- 38. What does R.A.C.E. stand for in Fire Safety?
 - a. Run, Alarm, Call, Escape
 - b. Rescue, Alarm, Contain, Evacuate/Extinguish
 - c. Run, Act out, Call for help, Exterior
 - d. Reason, Alarm, Call, Escape
- 39. Safe oxygen handling includes refraining from smoking or open flames in the home, keeping cylinders in a secure upright position and storing cylinders away from heat or direct sunlight.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 40. To assist in preventing falls, which of the following should be done?
 - a. Evaluate the patient's fall history
 - b. Conduct a gait and balance screening
 - c. Do not allow the patient to get out of bed
 - d. Review medications and alcohol consumption
 - e. All except C
- 41. Compliance is the responsibility of the Compliance Officer, Compliance Committee and Upper Management only.
 - a. True
 - b. False



- 42. Ways to report a compliance issue include:
 - a. Telephone hotline
 - b. In-person reporting to the compliance officer or supervisor
 - c. Both A and B
- 43. What is the policy of non-retaliation?
 - Allows management to discipline employees who violate the Code of Conduct
 - Prohibits management and supervisors from harassing employees for misconduct
 - c. Protects employees who, in good faith, report suspected non-compliance
 - d. Prevents fights between employees
- 44. These are examples of issues that can be reported to a Compliance Department: suspected Fraud, Waste and Abuse (FWA); potential health privacy violation, and unethical behavior/employee misconduct.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 45. Quality Assurance-Process Improvement (**QAPI**) uses data to not only identify quality problems, but to also identify other opportunities for improvement, and then set priorities for action.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 46. Documenting OASIS information, in the client's charts, is critical for Quality Assurance-Process Improvement (QAPI) to be successful.
 - a. True
 - b. False



Code of Conduct Post Test (Medical Staff)

- 1. Compliance is the responsibility of the Compliance Officer, Compliance Committee, and Upper Management only.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. Ways to report a compliance issue include:
 - a. Telephone hotline
 - b. In-person reporting to the compliance department/supervisor
 - c. A and B
- WellsBrooke protects employees who, in good faith, report suspected noncompliance.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. Examples of issues that can be reported to a Compliance Department include:
 - a. Suspected Fraud, Waste and Abuse (FWA)
 - b. Potential health privacy violations
 - c. Unethical behavior/employee conduct
 - d. All of the above
- 5. Consequences for non-compliance, fraudulent, or unethical behavior may include:
 - a. Disciplinary action
 - b. Termination of employment
 - c. Both A and B